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## Tito's kidneys weaken considerably

GRADE, Feb. 16 (AP) — Doctors said today President Josip Tito's condition remained serious and that his kidneys had considerably weakened. The Tanjug News Agency also said that leading representatives of the Communist Party and State Presidency visited the ailing leader at the Ljubljana Palace. Today's medical bulletin signalled a worsening in the ailment which developed following amputation of his left leg last month. "Intensive measures of treatment are being conducted," the eight-doctor medical panel said in a three-sentence medical bulletin. "The general state of health of the President of the Republic Josip Broz Tito continues to be difficult," doctors said. "The function of the kidneys had considerably weakened," they said. The weekend bulletin reversed the panel's statement yesterday that the 87-year-old leader was undergoing an improvement with the aid of intensive treatment.

# Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

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## Italy to reopen Imam Sadr's inquiry

ROME, Feb. 16 (AP) — At Libya's request, Italian authorities are reopening an investigation into the disappearance of Lebanese religious leader Imam Musa Sadr who was reported missing during a 1978 visit to Libya. Magistrates reported today that the Libyan embassy in Rome had suggested further investigations, claiming that the 55-year-old leader of Lebanon's 900,000-member Shiite minority did not disappear in Libya. The embassy reportedly told the magistrates that the imam arrived in Rome on a flight from Tripoli. However, the only thing that turned up during the earlier Italian investigation were a Rome airport customs card submitted in the imam's name and his luggage found at a Rome hotel, the magistrates said. Shiite Muslims in Lebanon and Iran at the time accused Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi of seizing Imam Sadr as part of the Libyan leader's drive to become the supreme leader of the Islamic World.

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 piastres; Lebanon 75 piastres; Saudi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

## Jordan, Morocco urge Security Council meeting on settlements

to the Jordan Times

UNITED NATIONS, Feb. 16 (AP) — Jordan and Morocco last week made separate requests for a Security Council meeting on settlement activities on the West Bank of Jordan.

Jordan's permanent representative to the world body, Dr. Nuseibeh, in a letter to President Peter Florin of many, referred to the relentless Israeli colonization of the occupied Palestinian territories in disregard of UN resolutions.

Ambassador Abdul Latif Filali of Morocco, in his letter to the council president, referred specifically to the "grave and disturbing situation" created by recent Israeli measures in the town of Hebron.

The Israeli government last Sunday announced there was no impediment to Jewish settlers moving into Hebron. Hitherto, Israelis have settled near, but not in, West Bank Arab towns.

Ambassador Filali spoke on behalf of the members of the Islamic Conference Organisation

(ICO) who held a closed-door meeting here earlier yesterday to discuss the situation in Hebron.

A conference spokesman told the Jordan Times that Ambassador Filali was expected to meet early next week with Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim to propose a special Security Council meeting to discuss Jewish settlements in Hebron.

The ICO meeting was initiated by Dr. Nuseibeh, who met on Thursday with the representatives of the Arab group at the United Nations to request convening the Islamic meeting.

A spokesman for the Jordanian mission told the Jordan Times that Dr. Nuseibeh, in his letter to the Security Council president, urged a council meeting to review the UN commission report on Israeli settlements in occupied Arab territories, as provided by Security Council resolutions 446 and 452 of 1979.

Meanwhile, Reuters reports that Egypt has told Dr. Waldheim that it "views with seriousness" the decision of the Israeli government to allow Israeli citizens to settle in Hebron.

In a letter made public yesterday, Egyptian U.N. representative Ahmad Esmat Abdul Meguid said his prime minister, Dr. Mustapha Khalil, had sent a message to United States Secretary of State Cyrus Vance declaring the Israeli action a "noticeable escalation in Israel's settlement policy in Palestinian occupied territories."

"The prime minister of Egypt has urged the United States to take a firm stand against Israel's persistence in its illegal settlement policy which is totally rejected in form and content by Egypt, the Arab states and the entire world, including the United States," Dr. Abdul Meguid added.



His Majesty King Hussein receiving United States Ambassador to the United Nations Donald McHenry at Basman Palace Saturday. Mr. McHenry's visit to Amman is part of a seven-nation fact-finding tour.

## To visiting Donald McHenry

## Hussein explains Jordanian position on Mideast question

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, Feb. 16 — U.S. ambassador to the United Nations Mr. Donald McHenry, arrived today from Beirut and immediately went to Basman Palace for talks with His Majesty King Hussein.

His arrival came just a few hours after reports in New York said Jordan and other Islamic states had called for convening the U.N. Security Council to respond to heightened Israeli aggression in the occupied West Bank.

the occupied West Bank.

When asked at the airport about how this would figure into his trip here, Mr. McHenry said: "This is an opportunity for me to get first hand observations from the government of Jordan on a subject which is obviously of interest to them. The timing is something which I don't think they suggested or we, but it is something that turns out to be appropriate."

Mr. McHenry said he expected to have discussions of the settlement question in general during his conversations here.

Palace sources said it was likely that the settlements issue was a part of the dialogue between King Hussein and Mr. McHenry. They said King Hussein explained Jordan's position on the Middle East question and its views towards achieving a just and comprehensive peace. Jordan has consistently called for the return of Israeli occupied Arab land including East Jerusalem, and Israel's recognition of Palestinian national rights.

Mr. McHenry briefed King Hussein on American views of achieving a lasting peace, including the U.S.-authorized Camp David accords which Jordan rejects.

Mr. McHenry's stop here is the fifth leg of a seven nation fact-finding tour in the Middle East. Tomorrow he will meet with Crown Prince Hassan, high government officials, and prominent Palestinians. He is also scheduled to address the Jordanian World Affairs Council in the evening. On Monday he will cross the Hussein Bridge into the occupied West Bank.

So far, Mr. McHenry has visited Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, and Lebanon. He will also visit Israel and Tunisia.

Although Mr. McHenry is scheduled to meet with prominent local Palestinians here tomorrow, he said on departure at Beirut that the U.S. will not talk with members of the Palestine Liberation Organisation until the PLO recognises the right of Israel to exist and U.N. resolution 242.

Also on departure at Beirut airport, one of Mr. McHenry's aides, Mr. John Hirsch, slipped on the rain slick pavement and fractured a kneecap. He was flown here with the group aboard Air Force One, had his leg X-rayed and was then flown to Athens for medical treatment.

## Sarkis issues emotional appeal for national reconciliation in Lebanon

BEIRUT, Feb. 16 (Agencies) — Lebanese President Elias Sarkis issued an emotional appeal today for national reconciliation, amid reports of fierce fighting between right-wing militias and Arab peacekeeping troops in mountain regions 80 kilometres north of the capital.

"I appeal to the entire nation to respond to this call for national reconciliation, as we go through a most critical stage in our history," Mr. Sarkis said after a two and a half hour meeting. "We have faced disillusion and collisions and I urge the nation to make these an impetus for an energetic and optimistic search for peace rather than succumb to pessimism and laziness."

Fighting raged on for the fifth straight day around the northern village of Qnat, where Arab peacekeeping units mounted house-to-house search for militiamen of the right-wing Falange Party, witnesses reported. A militia spokesman said 50 people were killed and an unspecified number wounded during the past five days of distant artillery duels and street combat.

The Falangists lost 10 killed and 15 wounded in Qnat, a foothill village of about 1,500 inhabitants. Public Works Minister Butros Harb, Justice Minister Youssef Birran and Communications Minister Michael El-murr threatened to resign unless the northern fighting was brought to an end.

An official communique said peacekeeping units were combing Qnat today looking for the ambushers of a Syrian armoured personnel carrier. Most of Qnat's inhabitants and an estimated 3,000 neighbouring villagers fled their homes to safety at the Byblos region, 30 kilometres north of Beirut. Refugees said ambulances moved "scores of casualties" from

## Waldheim to name five-member team to go to Tehran

UNITED NATIONS, Feb. 12 (AP) — U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim was reported preparing to name a five-member panel Sunday or Monday to investigate Iranian grievances against the deposed Shah and open the way for release of the American hostages in Tehran.

Dr. Waldheim's spokesman told reporters there would be no announcement on the commission today because "some details remain to be worked out" in the settlement plan.

A Kuwaiti newspaper said, meanwhile, that Iranian President Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr has received Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's permission to move the militant students out of the occupied U.S. embassy compound and put the 50 American hostages they were holding under the protection of government troops.

The newspaper Al Watan, reporting from Tehran today, did not give a timetable for the transfer. A spokesman for Mr. Bani-Sadr said he knew nothing about the report. A spokesman for the militants, when told of the report, laughed and said: "It can't be true."

According to the paper, Mr. Bani-Sadr "was obliged" to go directly to Ayatollah Khomeini because the militants refused to take orders from the president, but said they would abide by the ayatollah's ruling. The paper also reported that the ruling Revolutionary Council, headed by Mr. Bani-Sadr, was split over his efforts to arrange an end to the U.S.-Iranian crisis.

Informed diplomats at the United Nations said five lawyers from Algeria, Syria, Bangladesh, Venezuela and France would

make up the investigative panel being sent to Iran. They are to be briefed by Dr. Waldheim at U.N. headquarters in New York on Monday before leaving for Tehran later in the week, the diplomats said.

Iranian Foreign Minister Sadeq Qotbzadeh today warned against speculation that the release of the hostages was imminent, saying the first step was the formation of an international commission of inquiry.

"We have got to go step by step," he told a news conference at the end of the official portion of a three-nation European tour. "Do not try to speculate on what is going to happen during the work of the commission. Things will stay as they are until the commission finished its work."

Mr. Qotbzadeh, speaking at the Iranian embassy in Paris after he met with French Foreign Minister Jean Francois-Poncet, was asked if the American hostages held since Nov. 4 might be held captive even after the commission has made its report. "I would not even talk about that," he replied. "Let us go to the resolution of the problem. Let us have the commission."

Mr. Qotbzadeh was asked, aside from the commission, what were the special conditions the United States must fulfil to obtain the release of the hostages.

"Nothing has been asked of the United States," he said.

## Bombs kill two Israelis, and five others in Gaza

Feb. 16 (AP) — Two Israelis were killed today and five wounded by two Arab commando bombs in the occupied strip, the military spokesman said.

The second time in less than three weeks that Arab commando killed Israelis, and Gaza Mayor Rashad Al Shawwa said: "The situation is very, very tense."

Before noon, a commando tossed a hand grenade into an military vehicle carrying civilians. Two soldiers were killed, a woman said, and two more wounded.

Military immediately clamped a curfew on the town and began the search. As the search was getting under way, a explosion wrecked the district, wounding three more persons, a man said, and two more wounded.

"An Arab policeman," said an Arab resident over the phone from his home in the curfewed area. Army cars are in the streets with loudspeakers crying, "curfew, curfew."

Israel lifted a 10-day punitive curfew imposed on the town of Hebron following the death of an Israeli soldier. Shawwa said he feared a similar tough reaction by the Israelis in Gaza.

The bombs are a reaction to what happened in Hebron, Mr. said in a telephone interview. "There is so much pressure, tension is very very tense." Shawwa said the Hebron curfew, Israeli announcement of settlement Jews in Hebron, and Arab opposition to autonomy between Israel and Egypt had contributed to the heightened tension.

Source said that in Hebron itself no incidents were today. But he added that Palestinian leaders were planning a protest meeting in Jerusalem on Tuesday, and Israel was for trouble.

According to the source, 5,000 invitations had been sent to Arabs for the holy Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem, a focus for an unrest over the years.

## Three killed, scores injured in Izmir fight

TURKEY, Feb. 16 (AP) — Police officers were in gun battles here today with leftist militants in this violence-plagued coastal city, police said.

A spokesman said scores of both civilians and police were wounded in clashes in the slum areas of the city. A major NATO base, 34,000 U.S. personnel dependents, and 3,000 soldiers met stiff from leftist militants in the three-month-old government of Premier Demirel, police said.

Agents trying to flush out their hideouts in the areas of Izmir came under a hail of gunfire that automatic weapons, the spokesman said.

Police said they have arrested 30 militants trying to take over a school building. Among them were four women armed with long-range rifles, police said.

Police sources reported that some 150 armed militants attempted to raid a hospital where a wounded policeman was undergoing an emergency operation but were repulsed by security forces, which responded with heavy gunfire and tear gas.

## Taiwan urges UN to contribute to unification

Feb. 16 (AP) — In a lunar new year's greeting to Taiwan, the United Nations expressed confidence that island and mainland would celebrate the holidays together sometime in the 1980s.

The U.N. Daily, wrote in a front-page open letter: "We extend our wishes and concern to all brothers and sisters in Taiwan. They will make greater contributions to the unification of China."

## New jump in Israeli cost of living index

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Feb. 16 (R) — Israel, which is battling against chronically high inflation, suffered another jump in living costs last month and government hopes of a big easing in the situation were not realised. The cost of living index rose 7.3 per cent in January.

Although this represents a slight drop over the previous month's rise of 8.1 per cent, the drop is much less than the 40 to 50 per cent cut predicted by Israeli Finance Minister Yigael Hurvitz.

A ministry spokesman attributed the slight decrease to the continuing high price of fruits and vegetables, as well as housing and health services.

Mr. Hurvitz on assuming office last November instituted a series of austerity measures designed to cut last year's inflationary rate of 114 per cent.

Meanwhile, charges of fund-raising malpractices against the Israeli Labour Party by a former high-ranking party official, who just completed a jail sentence on a bribery conviction, has touched off a new political storm.

Mr. Ahsher Yadin, who headed Labour's powerful Sick Fund and was a candidate for the post of governor of the Bank of Israel until his conviction on bribery charges in 1977, has written that the party kept false bookkeeping records and obtained illegal money transfers from its industrial enterprises.

The charges are contained in a book, entitled "testimony," to be published in Hebrew next week and extracts of which were published yesterday in the afternoon newspaper, Yediot Aharonot.

A leader of the ruling Likud Party, Mr. Ehud Olmert, told reporters he will demand a public investigation of the charges.

Labour Party leaders denied the charges saying they were willing to have their financing operations examined by any public agency.

retaliation for the murder there of a young Israeli. No one seemed to care that this denies the historical rights of settlement so heatedly claimed at other times.

With every new step a few more Israelis are exposed to terror and Arab hatred. They then need more protection from the army, more settlers to enhance security, more restrictions on the surrounding Arab life. The tentacles spread...

For Americans, however, Israel's democracy cannot excuse a provocative policy... American diplomacy cannot escape the taint of Israel's conduct...

Israel's defence of creeping annexation is no longer persuasive. The cries of "security" ring hollow when Arab hostility is knowingly provoked and when the Israeli army is left to cope with increasingly vulnerable outposts...

The colonisation makes it hard to envisage useful negotiations. It will gradually constrict the deal that might be negotiated. Given its great investment in Camp David, and interests in the Arab World, the United States can demand a less pre-emptive policy.

Israel should be pressed to stop settling the West Bank.

## U.S. press sees Israeli Hebron move as annexationist

EDITOR'S NOTE: Following is a round-up of American newspaper editorial opinion on Israel's decision to authorize Jewish civilians to settle in the heart of the occupied Arab West Bank town of Hebron.

THE NEW YORK TIMES: While it returns the Sinai to Egypt, Israel is moving by stages to annex the West Bank. The policy will not be announced. It may even be abandoned if the opposition to it hardens in Israel, Egypt or the United States.

But the Israeli people have been frightened by pretexts of "security" into supporting the extreme Zionist dreams of a minority of their fellow citizens...

Under the cover of the Camp David accords and East-West tensions, Israel continues to change the legal and demographic conditions in the West Bank.

By one ruse after another, Jews are encroaching upon the region's Arabs, adding to the "archaeological" and "army" camps with newly requisitioned or purchased rural lands and now with claims to ancestral homes inside hostile Arab cities.

As in the latest move into urban Hebron, the Israelis are careful not to create a clear focus for objection...

New policies, new rules are labelled tentative, then kept indefinitely: laws are observed, but then bent out of shape.

The move into Hebron was widely justified as

settlements and let Israel decide whether it wants to forfeit that much from its American aid. This approach would precipitate a mighty confrontation between the United States and Israel.

The issue is worth it. Time spent sorting out the settlements question would be time well spent. A president seeking to assert the American interest in foreign policy, and to show his own leadership, could do a lot worse.

WASHINGTON POST: ...Some Israelis still try to treat Jewish settlement in the West Bank as an issue with two sides: so let's argue it out, but meanwhile let's not allow it to get in the way of more important questions. But you have to be pretty stupid to swallow that line. There is no more important question. Jewish settlements are regarded everywhere -- and most of all by the settlers themselves -- as Israel's way to establish its permanent control, leading eventually to outright annexation. The settlements undercut Israel's pledge to leave open to a negotiation, one in which the Palestinians who live there would take part, the "final status" of the West Bank. Moves like Sunday's cabinet decision provide further proof, to those who require it, that the government pursues domestic imperatives ahead of its international obligations...

Further criticism of Israel on this issue is pointless. So is wrist-slapping. More direct tactics are called for. Why not put a measurable value on the

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR: Just when all parties to the Palestinian autonomy talks had expressed renewed determination to meet this spring's target date, the Israeli cabinet recoiled the waters. It apparently did not make any major change in policy or take any operational steps, but it affirmed its support in principle for letting Jews resettle the occupied Arab city of Hebron -- in contrast with past West Bank settlement, confined in practice to rural land. Announcement of the decision, whether finally implemented or not, can only complicate the already difficult autonomy negotiations involving Israel, Egypt and the United States...

The whole Middle East situation, with its ramifications for energy and security, will remain worse than need be until the Palestinian matter is resolved with justice. Out of the limelight though the negotiators may prefer to be, their effort must not be forgotten -- or undermined by further complications such as the recent Israeli cabinet decision on Hebron.



# Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

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## Disquiet on the western front

SEPARATE moves at the United Nations by Jordan and Morocco to seek Security Council action on Israel's decision to give the green light to Jewish settlement of the occupied Arab city of Hebron are an important indicator of the mounting disquiet which Israel's actions are causing. It is not just Jordan, which has a special responsibility to uphold the steadfastness of the West Bank Palestinians in their struggle against Israeli occupation, or Morocco, which in this instance is speaking on behalf of Muslim members of the U.N., who are seized with the urgency of the present situation.

There is indeed a virtually universal feeling of anxiety about what is happening in the West Bank. Perhaps most stunned are (or should be) those who have refused up to now to see Israel's annexationist and deliberately provocative policies for what they are.

Up until now, Israel has been able to pursue its policy of settlement of the West Bank almost with impunity (at least as far as the international community is concerned) largely because of the very remoteness of those rural outposts. In Western minds unaccustomed to associating Israel with anything other than the purest of idealistic motives, the establishment of these rather ramshackle outposts on a succession of windswept hillsides, at first glance, be mistaken for a camping expedition by a bunch of Israeli boy scouts.

Those of us living on top of the matter, of course, have from the start had a totally different appreciation of it. Anyone viewing the concrete emplacements which some of the longer-established settlements have become, not to mention the high-rise blocks of flats in Kiryat Arba or encircling East Jerusalem, have a different perception of the reality of Israeli settlements. Those Arab families who have watched as their land has been expropriated and bulldozed and their houses and property destroyed likewise have a rather stark view of the matter.

Now we watch horrified as Jewish zealots arrogantly mill about in the heart of ancient Hebron while the normal Arab life of the city is stifled under an Israeli military curfew. The agonised expression on the faces of the women and children of Hebron confronted with this bitter humiliation is something we have seen before: it was the same expression which contorted the faces of Jewish women and children as they were evicted from their homes by the Nazis before and during World War Two.

That is what is going on in Hebron. There is an inescapable air of ominousness about this. It is an air which the sombre tones of U.S. State Department pronouncements or American newspaper editorials cannot dispel.

We are prepared to face the issue of Israeli colonisation and annexation of the Arab homeland squarely, as we have faced it for the past 32 years. Israel has latterly been engaged in a ploy to conceal that issue under the phoney cloak of a "peace treaty" and its provisions for "autonomy talks." But, as they have always done, they have pushed it too far.

Let us, as Jordan and Morocco have demanded at the U.N., have it out in the open. And let us see whose sacred national rights are vindicated when the truth is known. We are alarmed, but utterly confident.

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

**AL RA'I:** The U.S. Ambassador to the U.N., Mr. Donald McHenry, arrives in Amman today on a tour whose purpose has been said to be to get first-hand information about the situation in the region and make high-level contacts.

Naturally, the U.S. envoy will find the door open here to his attempts to learn about the Jordanian stand. It is a frank and firm one that is in line with the Baghdad and Tunis summit resolutions. It is worth mentioning once again that the unstable situation in the region is the fruit of continual Israeli aggression and the U.S. policy, which wants to impose the Camp David accords, and which imagines that there is chance to involve the area in its conflicts with the Soviet Union.

Undoubtedly, Mr. McHenry has observed during his tour the dangers resulting from the American position in the area, and he must have also felt the significance of the time element in attempts to avoid the risks.

It is not a new thing to say that a change in the American attitude towards the issue and a stop to its viewing the Arab World as a base for international conflicts are essential elements for going ahead with the process of a just and comprehensive peace and establishing stability in this part of the world.

**AL DUSTOUR:** Israel has strongly protested the Irish government's recognition of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), which was contained in the joint Bahraini-Irish statement issued in Manama last week.

The Israeli argument is that the PLO is a terrorist organisation which works to destroy Israel, and that it is trying to establish a pro-Soviet state which constitutes a dangerous threat to the security and future of Israel. Israel aims through its campaign against the PLO to defame the image of the Palestinian people as a whole, and usurp their legitimate rights in their land. The clearest indicator of this is that it is offering them now an "autonomy" plan which is intended to legalise its occupation. It is calling their land the Land of Israel and openly announcing that it will never evacuate it, and it continues setting up settlements.

The Israeli protest, thus, is a protest against the Irish understanding of Palestinian rights more than it is protest against the Irish recognition of the PLO. If Israel is trying through this protest to frighten the Western countries and stop the growing recognition of the PLO, then we hope the Western countries will not fall into the Israeli trap, and will continue supporting Palestinian rights—because this is the only way to achieve a comprehensive and just peace in the Middle East.

## Press Association board meets with Prime Minister

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — The president and the board of the Jordanian Press Association met today with the Prime Minister, Sharif Abdul Hamid Sharaf, for an exchange of views on the role of journalism in Jordan and the association's future plans.

The prime minister called on the board to try to promote the role of the press with respect to Arab causes, and voiced the government's support for the association's various projects.

At the outset of the meeting the association's President, Mr. Rakan Majali, briefed the Prime Minister on these projects, which include among other things a housing project for journalists, a health insurance scheme and a journalists' club.

## Engineers opt for Professional Bloc

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, Feb. 16 — In a stunning victory, the Professional Bloc swept yesterday's elections for the new board of the Engineers' Association, winning all of its nine seats.

Counting of the votes cast for vice-president and the other seven board members did not finish until early this morning. When all votes had been counted, it became known that the Professional Bloc had scored a sweeping victory.

In a run-off ballot concluded last night, the Professional Bloc candidate, for president of the association, Mr. Awni Al Masri, had defeated Mr. Tahsin Khreis, representing a bloc running without a name.

The presidential battle was hard-fought and the margin of victory was not large, so few expected the Professional Bloc to win more than five or six of the remaining board seats.

Mr. Michel Msannat, the incumbent vice-president, was re-elected to that position, although doubt had been raised yesterday concerning his eligibility by his opponents.

By the association's bylaws, members cannot be elected to more than two consecutive two-year terms to the board. Mr. Msannat, his opponents claimed, had already served twice and was therefore ineligible. But the outgoing president, Mr. Ibrahim Abu Ayyash, ruled that because for his first term Mr. Msannat had been appointed to the board to replace a member who had died, he was still eligible.

The seven remaining board seats — in addition to president and vice president — were allotted according to category of engineering. Civil engineers were given two seats because they represent the largest number of Jordanian engineers. The other categories



His Highness Prince Hassan meets with the West German parliamentary delegation in his office Saturday.

## TCC to put French funds to use soon

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JT) — The Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) will soon utilise funds from a French-Jordanian financial protocol for telecommunications projects in Jordan. TCC Director General Mr. Mohammad Shahid Ismail told the Jordan Times today.

Mr. Ismail today met with a French team of telecommunications experts who are here for about a week to discuss plans for new projects and study specifications of tender documents prepared by the TCC.

Mr. Ismail said a tender will be floated soon throughout the French market for the new projects. The financial protocol, signed June 7 last year, provides for facilities valued at JD 20.3 million.

## Local News Briefs

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — The Civil Aviation Directorate will take part in a civil aviation training course to be sponsored by the U.S. Civil Aviation Administration. A directorate spokesman said the course, to start on Feb. 23 in the state of Oklahoma, will be devoted to subjects connected with airport communications and services.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — The newly appointed Greek Ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Constantinos Iliopoulos, today called on the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Marwan Al Ousem, and handed him a copy of his credentials.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — Board directors of land, sea and rail transport unions in the Arab World opened a two-day meeting here today. The participants are discussing ways of promoting cooperation among their unions, and Saudi Arabian proposal for the establishment of a general union grouping the three modes of transportation. A representative of the Council of Arab Economic Unity is attending the meeting.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — Fire was mainly responsible for the total destruction of 34 factories, worth a total of JD 4 million, in Jordan over the past four years, the Director of the Civil Defence Directorate, Maj. Gen. Khaleel Tarawneh, said today. Speaking at a meeting with the proprietors and managers of factories in Jordan, Gen. Tarawneh said that the fires were caused by negligence and failure on the part of factory management to abide by the directorate's regulations and safety instructions. He suggested that factory owners employ ex-Civil Defence officers who can offer their expertise on safety measures, and he promised to help set up a radio communication system between the factories and the directorate to facilitate the arrival of emergency help in the case of fire and other dangers.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — The Post Office Savings Fund last year invested JD 2.9 million in Jordanian business concerns and companies, the fund's Director General, Mr. Abdullah Hawamdeh, said yesterday. In an interview with *Al Rai* newspaper Mr. Hawamdeh said the figure for 1978 was only JD 1.8 million. He expressed the hope that the figure will rise still further by the end of this year in view of the improvement in Jordan's economy and a growing tendency by the public to save and the opening of fund branches in various regions of the country.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — A delegation from the Aqaba Railway Corporation leaves for visits to India and Pakistan tomorrow for talks on technical cooperation with the two countries on developing railway transportation in Jordan. The talks will mainly centre on the corporation's plans for increasing its capacity for transporting phosphate to Aqaba for shipping, corporation sources said.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — A spokesman for the Public Security Directorate said today that a total of 48 incidents occurred in Jordan yesterday, resulting in the deaths of two persons and the injury of 28 others. Among these, he said, there were 12 thefts and 17 road accidents.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — Minister of Industry and Trade Ali Naour today reviewed with the British Ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Alan Urwick, Jordanian-British economic relations. They also discussed the prospects for joint economic ventures and the exchange of trade delegations with a view to promoting bilateral cooperation.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — The Minister of Supply, Dr. Jawad Anani, today denied rumours of a planned increase in the price of sugar. He said the sugar now in the ministry's warehouses should meet the country's needs for at least six months. In addition, he said, a shipment of 10,000 tonnes of sugar is due at Aqaba port in a week's time.

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — A three-member West German team of specialists arrived in Amman last night for a three-week stay in Jordan. The team will visit the southern region of Jordan, including Aqaba, for a general survey prior to preparing a comprehensive study for its social and economic development. Before ending the visit, the team will sign a D.M. 4 million agreement for financing projects in the southern region. The team's members are specialists in planning, development and environmental affairs.

## WHAT'S GOING ON

### Concert

The British Council presents a piano recital on Monday by Richard Deering, who will play works by Tippet, Beethoven, Ravel and Schubert. The recital starts at 8:00 P.M. Free tickets are available at the desk.

### Art Exhibition

The National Art Gallery is open to visitors on a regular basis. Various art works by Jordanian and Arab artists are on display. The gallery is situated on the Muntazah (King Juan Carlos Park) on Jabal Luweibdeh.

### Photo Exhibition

The Jordan Intercontinental Hotel presents an exhibition of photos on the Australian landscape and way of life. The exhibition is in the lobby in front of the Okaz Restaurant.

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## MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant

A Q A B A, Opens on Feb. 17  
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## OBITUARY

With regret we announce the death on Friday of Mr. Jack Burr Girdlestone, at the age of 86. Mr. Girdlestone will be remembered for his paintings and charitable work in Jordan which he made his permanent home for the last twenty years. The funeral service will be held at the Jabal Hussein Evangelical Free Church, Sunday, Feb. 17 at 2:30 p.m.

## WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION SWAQA WATER SUPPLY PROJECT NOTICE TO CONSTRUCTION TENDERERS

The Water Supply Corporation wishes to inform interested construction tenderers that a second addendum on the above named project has been made available. Tenderers are kindly requested to collect it from the Supply Section.

Director General  
Said Bieno

## IRGENTO SUPERMARKET ONE WEEK ONLY

On the occasion of our newly opened wholesale shop in King Hussein street, Tel. 24044, we announce our BIG SALE at the supermarket in Jabal Amman, Tel. 44238 - 44943.

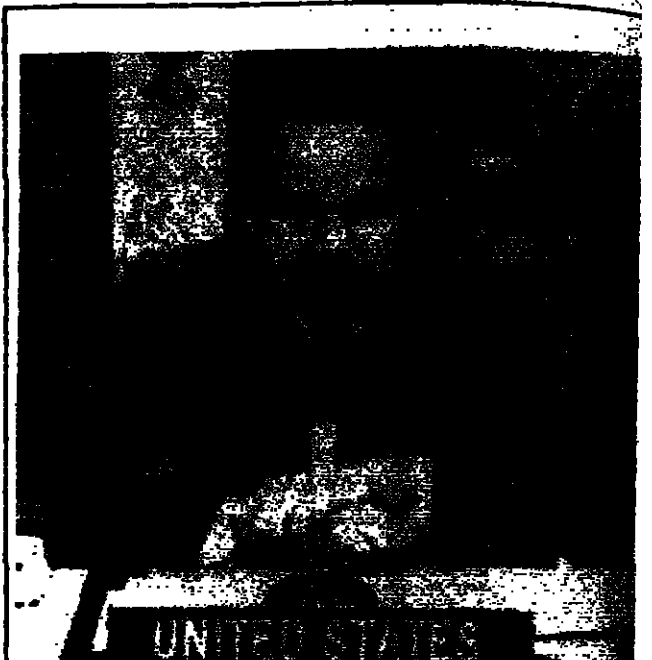
15% - 25% discount  
Feb. 10, 1980

## W. German delegation meets with Hassan

AMMAN, Feb. 16 (JNA) — A visiting West German parliamentary delegation reviewed with His Highness Crown Prince Hassan today West German-Jordanian relations and means of further strengthening them in various fields.

Speaking on the Middle East question, the Crown Prince explained to the delegation

Israel's settlement policy, occupied Arab lands, the continuous drive to change character of the Arab town. The delegation arrived in Amman last night, on a fact-finding mission. Its members represent the major parties in West German Bundestag (Parliament).



## Donald McHenry: A profile

EDITOR'S NOTE: Following is a profile of U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations Donald McHenry, who arrived in Amman yesterday as part of a Middle East fact-finding tour.

MR. DONALD F. McHENRY was named U.S. Permanent Representative to the United Nations by President Carter in August 1979. Ambassador McHenry previously served as U.S. representative to the United Nations Security Council.

Coming from a background of extensive study of international law and organisations, he joined the State Department in 1963. Eight years, he served in various positions there related to policy on questions to do with international organisations. In 1971, Ambassador McHenry went on leave from the Department to serve as guest scholar at the Brookings Institution and an International Affairs Fellow of the Council on Foreign Relations. During that period, he also was a lecturer in the School of Foreign Service at Georgetown University.

Ambassador McHenry resigned from the State Department in 1973 and joined the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace in Washington, D.C., where he directed Humanitarian Studies. Also during that period he was a lecturer at American University in Washington.

Before coming to the U.S. mission to the United Nations, Ambassador McHenry worked on the Carter administration's Department transition staff. His international organisational experience includes serving as adviser and alternate representative to the U.N. Seminar on Apartheid and Racial Discrimination; delegate to the U.N. International Conference on Human Rights and a consultant to the U.S. Congressional Commission on the question of Namibia as a member of the U.N. "Western contact group."

Before joining the State Department, Ambassador McHenry taught English at Howard University in Washington, D.C. from 1959 to 1962. At the same time he continued to pursue graduate studies at Georgetown University. He is author of *Micronesia: Trust Betrayed* (Carnegie Endowment, 1975) and has had numerous articles published in journals and newspapers.

Born in St. Louis, Missouri, 43 years ago, Mr. McHenry raised in East St. Louis, Illinois. He is a 1957 graduate of St. Louis University and received his Master of Science degree from Southern Illinois University.

Ambassador McHenry is a single parent of one son, who completed graduate studies at Oxford University, and daughters, who live with him and attend school in New York.

## FURNISHED APARTMENT WANTED

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## CITIZEN The new breed





# Jack Girdlestone: A selfless artist

## Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Feb. 16 -- Mr. Jack Girdlestone, well-known and well-loved by many Jordanians and expatriates during his long residence in Jordan and Palestine, died last night at the Palestine Hospital here after two pulmonary embolisms. He would have been 87 next month.

His loss will be felt very deeply by many, not just because of his strong and cheerful personality and love of Jordan, but because of the way he exercised his deep Christian faith and his concern for people through his generous care and interest in others.

The son of an engraver, Mr. Girdlestone was born in London in 1894. As a young man he moved to Cornwall in the far south-west of England to take up farming. However this career was interrupted by the outbreak of the First World War.

This brought him to Palestine and Egypt, where he served in the Medical Corps under General Allenby. After the war he returned to England to continue farming. But he retained a love of the Middle East, in particular the Holy Land, and returned several

times before finally retiring here in 1960.

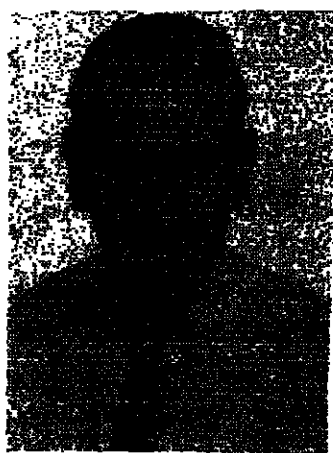
Mr. Girdlestone was encouraged to come here because it was felt the climate would be good for his respiratory difficulties. His wife had died some years earlier, at the age of 46, after they had been married only three and a half years.

Mr. Girdlestone leaves a step-daughter and stepson. The latter is a rear-admiral posted at the Admiralty in London.

When Mr. Girdlestone first came permanently to Jordan, he settled in the West Bank living in Bethany and travelling around the area. There he began to develop his hobby of painting and sketching.

Then after 1966, when he moved to Amman, a number of his works were exhibited at the British Council. Such exhibitions have been held on more or less an annual basis ever since.

His paintings are mainly inspired by his travels in Syria and Jordan and include well-known sites such as Petra, Jerash and Wadi Rum. He had a particular fondness for recreating scenes from Old Jerusalem.



Jack Girdlestone

His works also include landscapes from his memories of his life in England as well as pictures of flowers and animals.

But the value of his creations did not end with sharing them in exhibit. He gave away the proceeds from sales of his work to various charitable societies in Jordan. One particular recipient was the Bible Lands Society, which operates the School for the Blind in Amman and Helen Keller House in Beit Hanina, a suburb of Jerusalem.

There he also put his faith into action, visiting and caring for the blind and deaf. A practised carpenter, he also built cabinets and bookshelves and repaired looms for workshops for the handicapped.

He also had a special concern for the plight of the Palestinians, giving money to help a refugee family build a home and making toys for children. When he lived on the West Bank he taught carpentry to children in a village near Jerusalem. Some of his lithographs have been made into Christmas cards to help raise funds for charities.

Recently Mr. Girdlestone was commissioned by the founding committee of Jordan's Royal Society of Fine Arts to produce a large landscape of Jordan for the recently opened National Gallery of Fine Arts. He already has a painting of Azraq exhibited there. Sadly he had only prepared the canvas and done the basic wash before his death. However there are several of his paintings left in his home.

Mr. Girdlestone lived simply and alone in Jabal Amman. But he was surrounded by many friends

from Jordan, Britain and America. Last November he was becoming unsteady on his feet and fell in the street, injuring an arm, of which he never fully recovered the use. Two weeks ago, friends visiting him realised that he was seriously ill and he was admitted to hospital.

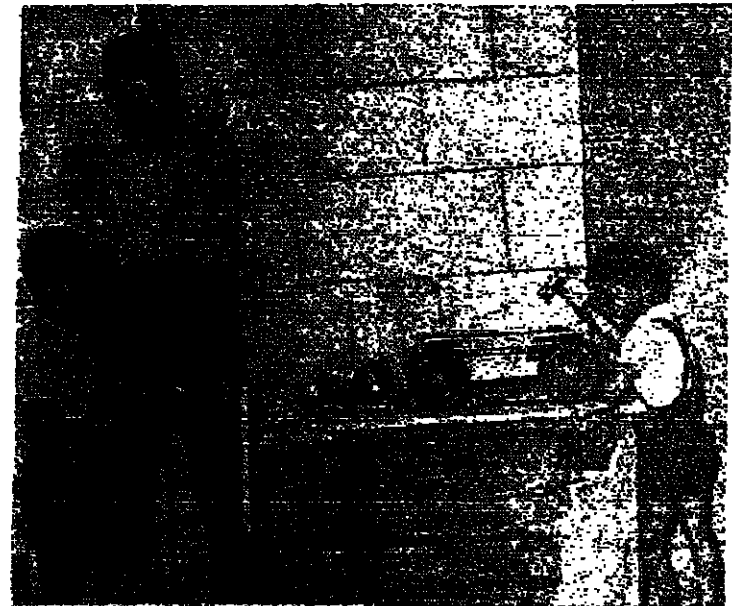
While preferring to remain in Jordan, he accepted that he might have to return to England to be cared for by his family. However, his wish to remain in Jordan was granted.

To the end, he was happy and cheerful, writing letters and

poetry. The last words that he wrote were: "There's a song in my heart for Lord Jesus. For His light on my heavenly way".

His friends tell how even in his last hours he was more concerned for others than for himself and his final message was: "Please thank the people of Amman and my many friends for all the help they have given me."

A funeral service for Mr. Girdlestone will be held on Sunday at 2:30 p.m. at the Jabal Hussein Evangelical Free Church. Burial will be in Amman.



Teaching carpentry to young children in Bethany, 1963.

## Princess Basma Hospital designs near completion

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, Feb. 15 -- The final, detailed designs and studies for the innovative redevelopment of the Princess Basma Hospital in Irbid will be finished in June or July of this year, Dr. Aram Yaghlian, director of foreign relations at the Ministry of Health and project manager of the hospital, has told the Jordan Times.

The studies for the 364-bed hospital, he said, are being conducted by a joint venture of Hospital Design Partnership, London and Mohammad A.R. Jardaneh, Amman.

The hospital, to be built on a slope, will be three stories on one side and five stories on the other. Unlike the University of Jordan Hospital, which is built on a "racetrack", or double-corridor system, the Princess Basma Hos-

pital will be built according to a "nucleus" design developed by the British Department of Health and Social Security in response to reduced levels of capital expenditure dictated by restrictions on government spending in Britain.

The nucleus design system, Dr. Yaghlian said, employs an open-ended design system that starts with a 300 to 400-bed hospital which can gradually expand according to need and availability of financial and human resources.

One of the aims of the design, he said, is to achieve the multipurpose use of space through the clustering and good functional relationship of departments.

The British-Jordanian joint venture, Dr. Yaghlian said, will also make studies relevant to the renovation of the existing Princess Basma Hospital, which has 130 beds as well as residential quarters for doctors and nurses.

## Jordan Medical Corporation goes public

By a Jordan Times staff reporter

AMMAN, Feb. 16 -- A million and a half shares, at par value of JD 1 each will be floated on Sunday to finance the Jordan Medical Corporation (JMC), which has as its aim to establish Jordan's first shareholder-owned hospital, and the first private one here which will have special equipment to handle difficult cases.

The Queen Alia Hospital, as the enterprise will be called, will be capable of handling a wide range of intricate health problems. Its equipment will include an intensive care unit, a blood bank, complete radiological services, a cardiac unit, kidney dialysis, and a central ambulance service that may eventually extend to the use of helicopters for emergency use.

At the beginning the hospital will have 150 beds, but it can be expanded to accommodate 600. The idea of such a private hospital started five years ago as the dream of three doctors, who from the beginning called their partnership the Jordan Medical Corporation, radiologist Dr. Roger Qayaleh, one of the three and current president of the JMC, told the Jordan Times this week. Dr. Zuhair Malhas, the minister of health, was also among the original partners of the hospital.

"With the exception of the King Hussein Medical Centre and the Bashir and University of Jordan hospitals, no place here is really well-equipped," Dr. Qayaleh said. "The private hospitals are most deficient in their facilities--specialists are complaining that there is no work for them in private hospitals. We have reached a point where one man can no longer properly staff and equip a hospital."

The partners eventually persuaded others to join them in the project, and by 1978 the corporation had grown to include some 30 doctors and 20 laymen. Each was to own JD 8,000 worth of stock, but since many could not afford so much, the corporation had an equity of only about JD 250,000.

Undaunted, the group com-

missioned a feasibility study from the British firm Herman-Smith. The study, finished at the end of 1978 and updated a year later, concluded that the project was one which the country needed. A hospital suiting their requirements would cost JD 6 million to build, it was estimated.

In the meantime, a "wealthy individual sympathetic to the project offered the corporation 40 dunums of land for the hospital at a nominal cost. The land, which will be the site of the hospital, is located between the Grand Palace Hotel and the Martyr's Monument.

After the study was completed, the group approached a number of international financing companies. They found that even if the group had acquired the JD 500,000 or so they had originally planned on raising, financiers would have rejected them anyway.

"They wanted us to have 25 per cent equity before they would even consider financing us--some wanted us to post our homes and property as a guarantee. We felt the world was not being so good to us," recalled Dr. Qayaleh.

"Then," he continued, "we decided to go public. We had the idea that the hospital should pay for itself and generate some income, but a hospital cannot be run purely on a profit basis. In order to attract people to invest in the corporation, we hit on the idea of starting an industrial medical company for the manufacture of disposable medical supplies along with the hospital."

"Every year," Dr. Qayaleh said, "Jordan spends millions of dinars on gauze, plaster for medical use and disposable syringes, catheters and tubes. A British-Cypriot firm is doing the feasibility studies for us on such an industry here as well as studying the Middle Eastern market for the products. The study won't be completed until March, but preliminary results indicate that such a venture would be very successful commercially."

Although by going public the JMC broadened the base of its original shareholders, the doctors who originally participated in it did not want the commercial aspect to overcome their aim of establishing a first-rate private

hospital. Bylaws have been made within the JMC stipulating that when shareholders elect the nine-man board, at least five members must be from the original group of doctors.

Subscription to the corporation will close on March 19. In April legal formalities will be worked out and the board will be elected. Planning for construction will take another six months. It is hoped that construction will begin on the hospital--which will take two years to build--by the end of this year.

Much of the hospital's management will at first, be foreign as will the nursing staff, due to the chronic shortage of nurses here. But eventually, the Queen Alia Hospital will make use of the graduates of its own nursing school. Doctors, however, will be Jordanian because, Dr. Qayaleh said, "we have some of the best trained and most skilled doctors in the world--all they need is a place to practise."

Close links are planned between the University of Jordan and the Queen Alia Hospital, which hopes to establish both the intern-

ship and residency programmes in its role as a community hospital. Currently, there are places for only 24 residents in Jordan, all of which are at the University of Jordan Hospital.

"This Sunday will mark the closure of five years of hard work by me and the other two doctors who originally thought of building the first private community hospital here," Dr. Qayaleh commented. "At the beginning people made fun of us, saying that our people here were too individualistic to accept a group effort. But now, we are receiving letters from doctors who have emigrated to the West because, although they are highly qualified, there is no place in Jordan for them to function. They want to buy shares in the hospital and they want to practise in it."

"I see the hospital as something for the younger generation. It will be a place that will hold them and let them excel here. I hope that it will set a high standard that no one in Jordan--government, military or private--can go below, as well as setting an example for the Arab World."



Richard Deering, a well-known British pianist, will perform works by Tippet, Beethoven, Ravel and Schubert in the British Council hall on Feb. 18. Richard Deering has firmly established his reputation as a soloist and lecture-recitalist in many parts of the world. Recognised as a leading authority on British music through his concerts, lectures, recordings and broadcasts, he has been entrusted with major first performances of works by leading composers of many nationalities. Besides being a concert pianist, he is also active as an accompanist, lecture-recitalist, adjudicator, and entertainer.

## AMMAN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT

Name of Company	Par Value	Number Traded	High	Low	Closing Price
Arab Union Insurance Co.	JD 1,000	100	1,680	1,680	1,680
Arabian Development and Investment	JD 2,000	700	1,560	1,560	1,560
Islamic Bank	JD 1,000	409	2,960	2,960	2,960
Bank of Jordan	JD 5,000	619	15,600	15,250	15,250
Jordan Gulf Bank	JD 1,000	29258	1,690	1,690	1,690
Housing Bank	JD 1,000	3600	2,300	2,190	2,300
Jordan Kuwait Bank	JD 1,000	2630	2,200	2,200	2,200
Arab Investment Bank	JD 1,000	3550	1,480	1,480	1,480
Cairo Amman Bank	JD 5,000	1600	16,000	16,000	16,000
Dar Al Dawa Development and Investment Co.	JD 1,000	1050	4,310	4,310	4,310
Dar Al Sha'ab	JD 1,000	500	1,200	1,200	1,200
Jordan Tanning Co.	JD 5,000	34	11,300	11,250	11,300
Jordan General Mining Co.	JD 1,000	1949	1,470	1,410	1,470
Arabian Investment and International Trading Co. Ltd.	JD 5,000	400	5,000	5,000	5,000
Arab International Hotels Co.	JD 1,000	4700	1,030	1,030	1,030
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Co.	JD 1,000	216	28,100	28,100	28,100
Arab Company for Aluminium Industries	JD 1,000	100	1,520	1,520	1,520
Jordan Hotels and Tourism Co.	JD 1,000	100	5,770	5,770	5,770
Jordan Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	5696	2,210	2,200	2,210
International Construction and Investment	JD 1,000	35015	1,090	1,090	1,090
Jordan Worsteds Mills Co.	JD 1,000	500	3,250	3,250	3,250
Jordan Cement Factories Co.	JD 10,000	220	21,200	21,000	21,050
Jordan Glass Factories Co.	JD 1,000	1400	1,000	1,000	1,000
Jordan Paper and Cardboard Factories Co.	JD 1,000	687	1,200	1,200	1,200
Jordan Phosphate Mines Co.	JD 1,000	2171	3,500	3,420	3,420
Arab Chemical Detergents Industries Co.	JD 1,000	50	2,410	2,410	2,410
Jordan Petroleum Refinery Co.	JD 5,000	474	10,500	10,500	10,500
National Steel Industry	JD 10,000	35	15,750	15,750	15,750
Jordan Lime and Silicate Brick Industries Co.	JD 5,000	1159	6,000	6,000	6,000

Total Volume Traded on Saturday, Feb. 16, 1980: JD 206,447

Total number of shares traded: 98,929

### Government Development Bonds

Year of Maturity	Par Value	Number Traded	Volume Traded	High	Low
1989	JD 10,000	20	200	10,040	10,040

## TODAY'S WEATHER

It will be cloudy, with a chance of rain later in the day. There will be a drop in temperature, and southwesterly moderate to fresh winds. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy with northerly moderate winds and calm seas.

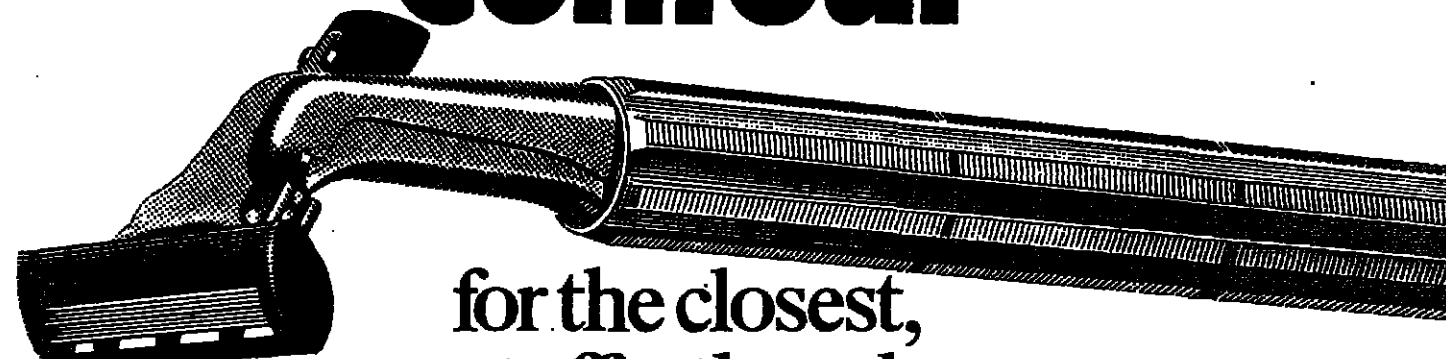
	Overnight	Daytime
	low	high
Amman	4	10
Aqaba	9	20
Deserts	5	13
Jordan Valley	11	17

## LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. dollar	294.00/296.00
U.K. sterling	675.90/679.90
West German mark	168.90/169.90
Swiss franc	180.80/181.90
French franc	72.20/72.60
Italian lire	
(for every 100)	36.50/36.70
Japanese yen	
(for every 100)	120.90/121.60
Dutch guilder	153.40/154.30
Belgium franc	104.00/104.60
Swedish crown	70.70/71.10

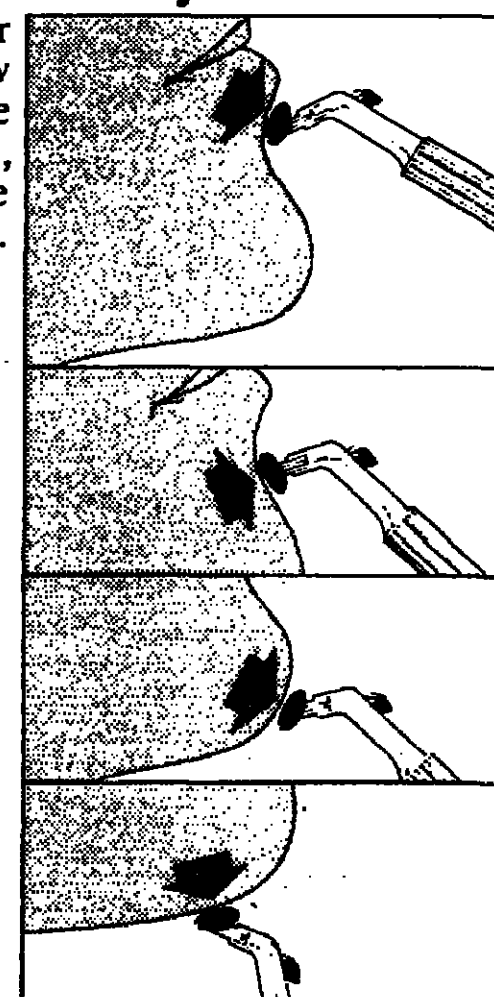
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Closest, most effortless shave of your life!

# Gillette Contour

Contour's pivot head keeps its twin blades at the perfect shaving angle -- to give you the closest, most effortless shave you've ever had. Truly astonishing!

مكتبة عبد الله

## Basketball roundup

NEW YORK, Feb. 16 (AP) — Sometimes the worst coaching is too much coaching. "I blame myself for getting the team in a rut early in the season by slowing down the offense just because we went into a losing streak," says San Antonio coach Doug Moe. Having seen the error of his ways, Moe told his team to go back to the run-and-gun style that it used in winning the National Basketball Association's Central Division title last season, and the Spurs outtrun the Chicago Bulls for a 131-124 victory last night. Moe called the game "a classic example of what can happen when we return to our basic game or run and shoot." Chicago kept pace for three quarters and led 96-95, but a 12-point flurry by Spurs reserve forward Kevin McHale in a five-minute span of the fourth quarter proved decisive. A layup and two free throws by Restani put the game out of reach at 121-113 with 1 1/2 minutes to play.

In other NBA games, the Milwaukee Bucks beat the Houston Rockets 114-103. The Phoenix Suns defeated the Washington Bullets 116-104. The Philadelphia 76ers topped the Detroit Pistons 114-104. The Golden State Warriors trimmed the Indiana Pacers 118-107. The Boston Celtics beat the Portland Trail Blazers 106-91. The Los Angeles Lakers defeated the Kansas City Kings 114-100 and the Denver Nuggets downed the Atlanta Hawks 111-98.

George Gervin led the Spurs with 28 points and Restani and James Silas added 20 apiece, while rookie David Greenwood scored 30 for Chicago.

Milwaukee won its sixth in a row since obtaining centre Bobo Lanier, who scored 21 points, including four in the last 96 seconds. Houston was limited to 19 points in the final period and was outscored 20-7 in the last 5:33 as its five-game winning streak was ended.

Phoenix led 82-70 after three quarters and built the margin to as many as 15 points in the final period. Len Robinson led the way with 26 points, 15 in the second half. Julius Erving tallied 29 points for Philadelphia, which scored the last 12 points of the game, 10 of them from the foul line, to beat Detroit. Forward Sonny Parker scored a career-high 36 points, including eight in the last three minutes, as Golden State beat Indiana.

Larry Bird's 28 points and 15 rebounds helped Boston hand Portland its fourth straight defeat since dealing away veterans Maurice Lucas and Lionel Hollins a week ago. The Lakers posted their 14th consecutive home-court victory, beating the Kings behind 26 points by Kareem Abdul-Jabbar. Dan Issel scored 32 points, surpassing the 30 mark for the 16th time this season, as Denver beat Atlanta.

## JORDAN TIMES SPORTS ROUNDUP



Liverpool, the English First Division champions, recently defeated their long standing rivals Nottingham Forest, the reigning European champions, in a fourth round replay in the Football Association cup competition. Peter Shilton, the Nottingham Forest goalkeeper, failed to hold the ball in this crowded goalmouth incident and Kenny Dalglish scored for Liverpool (white shirts) in the 31st minute of an exciting cup tie at the City Ground, Nottingham. A second half goal, scored from the penalty spot by Terry McDermott, secured a 2-0 victory over the home side. This was only Nottingham's second defeat by Liverpool in eleven meetings since December 1977. (COI photo)

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, FEB. 17, 1980

## YOUR DAILY Horoscope from the Carroll Righter Institute

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Take time for meditation early in the day and adopt the right philosophy for the future. Make this a worthwhile day.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Study your relationship with friends and know where they fit best in your future plans. Catch up on your rest today.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Seek the company of influential persons who can be helpful in furthering your career. Devote evening to loved one.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Plan how to advance through the auspices of important and clever individuals you know. Strive for happiness.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) A good time to make plans that could give you more abundance in the days ahead. Don't be taken in by doubtful persons.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Plan how to gain more benefits from relationships you have. Forget that easy chair and be more active and happy.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) A good day to come to a better understanding with family members. Plan how to show gratitude and increase harmony.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Arrange to be with friends you truly like for the recreation you desire. Plan the week ahead so that it becomes more productive.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Make plans to improve your status in your line of endeavor. Take mate out to charming places in the evening.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Good day to study whatever is spiritual and educational. Visit friends and relatives and express happiness.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study new methods and ideas that can bring you greater income in the future. Make needed repairs to property.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Make the right arrangements for gaining personal aims. The evening is best for being with persons you enjoy.

## AMMAN MARKET PLACE

## RESTAURANTS

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# Salisbury investigating alleged police torture of guerrilla suspects

**SALISBURY, Feb. 16 (R)**—The British administration in Salisbury is investigating allegations that the Rhodesian police have tortured returning war refugees whom they suspected of being guerrillas, British officials said.

They said the complaints had been lodged through the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), which is handling the repatriation of refugees.

The cases involved refugees, most of them loyal to black nationalist leader Joshua Nkomo, who were returning from Zambia to a transit camp in western Rhodesia.

UNHCR officials said some refugees had been arrested by the police when they reached the transit camp.

Mr. Nicholas Morris, the UNHCR chief representative, told Reuters there had been detailed allegations of torture in the country but no single group could be blamed.

A spokesman for the observers said: "The group has made no such report, nor any other kind of report to any other quarter. It has reached no conclusions, either interim or definitive."

He said the group would report only to the Commonwealth heads of government at an appropriate time and to no other organisation.

The Organisation of African Unity's council of ministers met in Addis Ababa earlier this week and called on member states to use their influence on Britain to ensure free and fair elections in Rhodesia.

In Geneva, the United Nations Human Rights Commission, voting down Western objections, has backed armed struggle by nationalist movements against colonial and foreign domination.

"Investigations are under way to determine whether any of the reports of ill-treatment can be substantiated," Mr. Edward Chaplin, a spokesman for the British government, Lord Soames, said.

Mr. Morris said some 130 refugees had been detained since repatriation started and about 50 of them remained under detention. Some of them have been returned to Zambia.

He said the UNHCR views this situation "with the gravest concern."

Torture allegations had filtered back to the refugee camps in Zambia and "the mood in the camps was increasingly against coming back," he said.

A total of 27,000 refugees had

so far been repatriated from Mozambique, Botswana and Zambia, and no arms had been discovered on them despite rigorous searches, the UNHCR representative said.

"We have not even confiscated a penknife," he added.

Meanwhile, the Commonwealth group, which is investigating this month's Rhodesia election, had denied it had issued a report distributed in Addis Ababa and attributed to it.

The report said the observers who are touring Rhodesia during the run-up to the Feb. 27-29 election had concluded that violent political intimidation was rife in the country but no single group could be blamed.

A spokesman for the observers said: "The group has made no such report, nor any other kind of report to any other quarter. It has reached no conclusions, either interim or definitive."

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The final resolution, co-sponsored by several African and Middle East states, was a toned-down version of a draft which had explicitly condemned NATO members for links with white governments in southern Africa and demanded that Britain take steps to guarantee free and fair elections in Rhodesia.

The revised version condemned states which maintained links with "the racist regimes in southern Africa and elsewhere" without singling out specific countries.

The resolution was approved with 29 votes in favour, eight against and four abstentions. Communist states and most Third World states on the 43-nation body were solidly behind the resolution.

United States delegate Gerald Helman, speaking after the U.S. vote against the resolution, accused the Soviet Union and East European nations of importing \$84.6 million of goods from South Africa in 1974 to 1979, the last year for which he had figures.

Exports to South Africa from the communist group that year reached \$134 million, Mr. Helman told the commission.

He also accused the Soviet Union of exploiting the resources of Namibia (South West Africa), administered by South Africa, by fishing off its coast.

Soviet chief delegate Valerian Zorin dismissed the allegations as a slanderous attack. He said the Soviet Union "does not have any links with the racist regimes in southern Africa."

## Timing was 'major reason' for failure of UNIDO meet

**VIENNA, Feb. 16 (R)**—A major reason for the failure of the recent United Nations conference on New World industrialisation in New Delhi was its unfortunate timing, a senior U.N. official said yesterday.

Mr. Abdul Rahman Khan, executive director of the U.N. Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO) which organises the conference, said the international political situation was not the most conducive for achieving a happy ending.

The meeting, a major round in the dialogue between the industrialised and the developing countries, was aimed at speeding up Third World industrialisation. It ended a week ago without major agreement and in what Mr. Khan described as a very bitter mood.

The main stumbling block was a demand by developing countries for the creation of a \$300 billion global fund, made up mainly of contributions from industrialised countries.

Mr. Khan told a press conference that one problem was that it came before a special session of the U.N. General Assembly scheduled for August which is expected to discuss similar issues.

The meeting also coincided with the completion of a study on the relationship between rich and poor countries by the so-called Brandt Commission.

It was felt that no decisions could be taken in New Delhi until delegates had in front of them all proposals that could serve the same purpose, Mr. Khan said.

The director regretted that the conference had ended in bitterness, saying he believed it could have been salvaged if there had been agreement at least in principle to transfer resources from North to South.

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## Greece charges 11 with belonging to group planning terrorist acts

**ATHENS, Feb. 16 (R)**—Security police have charged 11 people with belonging to an organisation which planned to engage in terrorism in Greece.

A statement by the Ministry of Public Order yesterday announcing the charges said the 11 were members of a group called the Popular Initiative Front which had links with left-wing extremist organisations inside the country and abroad.

It said those arrested had diagrams and plans of potential targets, including the U.S. embassy and the American ambassador's residence.

The ministry added that some members of the group had been trained in the use of arms and explosives in Middle Eastern countries, but it did not identify

the countries.

It also accused the group of publishing a leaflet supporting gunmen who last month killed the deputy chief of Athens's riot police, Pantelis Petrou, and his driver.

The gunmen scattered leaflets saying the killing had been carried out by the Revolutionary Organisation of November 17, a group which also claimed responsibility for the murder in 1975 of the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) chief in Athens, Richard Welch.

Greek laws lay down stiff prison sentences for those found guilty of planning terrorist acts. Those found guilty of terrorist acts in which people die can face the death sentence.

## USSR appears to be mounting campaign to unify communist stand on Afghan intervention

By Tom Heneghan

**VIENNA**—The Soviet Union appears to be mounting a concerted campaign to bring its East European allies into line over Moscow's intervention in Afghanistan.

Official East-West visits have been postponed and the level of anti-American propaganda has been raised throughout the Soviet bloc, with a unified communist stand the seeming goal.

Moscow's moves in this field became the most visible with a surprise visit by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko to Bucharest recently. There, tough negotiations produced an implicit acceptance of the Soviet line from the reluctant Romanians.

East Europeans have been slow to echo Moscow's position in full, since a harder policy could freeze the East-West contacts that are far more important to them than to the Soviet Union.

But the sharp international reaction to the military intervention appears to have prompted the Kremlin to stand firm and try to rally its allies around the con-

troverial Afghan policy regardless of their individual interests.

West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, whose planned meeting with East German leader Erich Honecker this month was suddenly postponed by the other side, said varied views on Afghanistan within the Soviet bloc lay behind Moscow's drive to minimise contacts with the West.

"The Soviet Union wants to avoid direct talks so that the various opinions do not become clear," he said.

If a new cold war results, it could seriously damage the smaller communist states economically and politically.

Countries like Poland and Hungary have proportionally far more trade and debts in the West than the Soviet Union and would suffer more if their currently good ties with the West were cut.

Additionally, a new cold war would limit the foreign policy leeway the East Europeans enjoyed during the 1970s and saw as a small counterbalance to their alliance with the Soviet superpower.

Although Moscow's five other bloc allies all supported the intervention, Hungarian and Polish reluctance was obvious.

Hungary waited ten days and Poland seven before publishing support for the move. The harder-line Bulgarian, Czechoslovak and East German Communist Parties approved in almost

immediately.

Officials in Hungary, where a high level of Western trade and attempts to liberalise the domestic economy would be endangered by a new cold war, publicly aired their hopes for continued good U.S.-Hungarian relations as late as Jan. 25.

By Jan. 31 Foreign Minister Frigyes Pujta had called off a planned visit to West Germany and Hungarian Parliament President Antal Apró postponed a trip to the U.S.

Also on Jan. 25, the West German Foreign Minister announced that Prague had postponed indefinitely a visit Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher planned to make to Czechoslovakia.



## NATO said pushing ahead with plan to stockpile equipment in W. Europe

**BRUSSELS**—NATO is pushing ahead with a vital plan to stockpile large quantities of equipment in Western Europe to speed up American reinforcements in a crisis, Western military experts say.

Work is going on, or will start soon, to build up huge warehouses in West Germany, the Netherlands and Belgium to stock heavy equipment for three U.S. divisions.

When the work is finished in three or four years' time, the United States will be able to more than double its ground forces in Europe in less than two weeks.

At the same time, the U.S. could triple its tactical air forces. But their sudden arrival would crowd existing air bases and provide choice targets for enemy air strikes or missiles if the newcomers were not immediately dispersed.

High priority is being given to a programme to find and equip dozens of airfields to receive more than 25 additional squadrons of U.S. reconnaissance aircraft, fighters and fighter bombers that would flock to Western Europe.

The concept of rapid reinforcements evolved from the alliance's recognition of its lack of operational reserves.

The experts say that if the Soviet-led Warsaw Pact were able to launch a massive attack with little advance warning and rapidly penetrated NATO's forward defences, the alliance might have too few ground and tactical air-planes in reserve to seal the rupture created on the frontline.

To be able to bring speedy reinforcements across the Atlantic to deter aggression in time of crisis or to fight an attack, the U.S. wants to stockpile equipment in Europe so that troops can be flown in equipped only with their individual weapons.

The U.S. Defence Department underlines the size of the rapid reinforcement programme by pointing out that 14 days after the order is given, total U.S. ground firepower in Europe would be greater than that possessed by the entire West German army and the number of U.S. tactical air squadrons would be double that of the entire Luftwaffe.

The transatlantic bargain struck

between the U.S. and its allies provides for Washington to fly in the troops if the Europeans help provide the necessary facilities and support.

At the moment, the U.S. has four complete divisions in West Germany plus three brigades that would form the nucleus of three more divisions. Equipment for the three divisions is already in store.

The current programme is to create facilities for storing equipment for three further divisions, to bring the total of rapidly-available units from seven to ten.

Facilities for an eighth division are being established in the Moenchengladbach area of West Germany.

A ninth division will be established in the Netherlands following the Dutch Government's approval late last year.

And a tenth division will be based in Belgium. The Belgian Government gave its agreement in principle last October.

Sites are now being selected for eight warehouses and ammunition

dumps and work should be completed by 1983.

The cost of the project is being met under NATO's common infrastructure programme.

In Belgium, for example, the cost of establishing the requisite warehouses is estimated at about \$200 million. It will provide from 1,500 to 2,000 jobs for civilians in technical maintenance.

U.S. officials in Washington said the policy of rapid reinforcements resulted from calculated risks.

One risk is that in case of a sudden war, the enemy could inflict heavy losses during an Atlantic crossing by troop reinforcements and equipment would await soldiers who would never arrive.

A second risk is that warehouses would be priority targets for an enemy. If they were not successfully defended, U.S. troops could arrive in Europe to find their earmarked equipment destroyed.

REUTER

## THE Sunday Crossword

(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword)  
Edited by Herb Etkensson

### VIOLENT LANGUAGE

By Hume R. Craft

- |                       |                      |                        |                            |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 Wealthy one         | 42 On the house      | 81 Scroogian           | 115 Annealing              |
| 6 Serrano             | 43 Song              | 82 Shut with           | 116 Frost-covered          |
| 11 Onward             | 44 Pitcher           | 84 Whole               | 117 Zoo exhibit            |
| 16 Composer           | 45 — in              | 86 NOCs                | 118 Printing units         |
| 21 On the stump       | 46 Buck              | 87 Optical devices     | 120 Go through water again |
| 22 Reference          | 47 Puzzled           | 90 Gurnahs             | 122 — Jones                |
| 23 "On —"             | 48 Bricks            | 91 Advantage           | 123 Prologue on (ques)     |
| 24 Mountain crest     | 49 Pipes joints      | 92 Put the —           | 126 Native of Papete       |
| 25 Belief             | 50 Bricks            | 94 Cheese dish         | 128 River in Germany       |
| 26 Fails              | 51 Cleaner's concern | 95 Quercus             | 130 Prefix for musical     |
| 28 Vagabond           | 52 Shaggy            | 96 Plants              | 131 Trouble                |
| 29 Comp. pt.          | 53 Ballet leaps      | 97 Government          | 133 Cordial                |
| 30 Youth              | 54 Made a hole       | 98 Stir over           | 134 Exercise items         |
| 32 Sultan's           | 55 In one            | 100 A Merkel           | 137 Honey-mooner           |
| 33 Colorful           | 56 Nurseryman        | 101 Clothing           | 138 Forty-                 |
| 34 Young              | 57 Milk sugar        | 102 Emulated           | 140 Belgrade citizens      |
| 35 Chemical compounds | 58 Okay              | 103 Bjorn Borg         | 141 Therefore              |
| 36 Bow                | 59 Singing           | 104 Algid              | 142 Hies being             |
| 37 British statesman  | 60 Nurseryman        | 105 Palindromic        | 143 Fuming                 |
| 38 Printing           | 61 Singing           | 106 Baby's achievement | 144 Faith                  |
| 39 Ninnyhammer        | 62 Singing           | 107 Shallow            | 145 Pindar                 |
| 40 Wine stuff         | 63 Singing           | 108 Kind of justice    | 146 Victor                 |
|                       | 64 Singing           | 109 Kennedy            | 147 Timor to — to Chance   |
|                       | 65 Singing           | 110 Genuflect          |                            |

- |                        |                       |                  |                       |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 Speak                | 11 Church area        | 31 Before        | 49 Be overly fond     |
| 2 Pappas               | 12 With great vigor   | 32 Inhabitant    | 50 Step               |
| 3 Borge and countrymen | 13 Epoch              | 33 Surf          | 51 Lid                |
| 4 Number               | 14 Islamic            | 34 Longhorn      | 52 Made angry         |
| 5 Hornophone           | 15 Bridge to Paradise | 35 Before        | 53 Coat with an alloy |
| 6 Bird song            | 16 — in               | 36 Reform        | 54 Strong for a hawk  |
| 7 Capitol              | 17 India              | 37 Reformer      | 55 Foreign            |
| 8 Hill runner          | 18 European           | 38 Capital       | 56 Foreign            |
| 9 Buntingham           | 19 Silk worm          | 39 In addition   | 57 Touring            |
| 10 Mark                | 20 Equivocate         | 40 Uncle         | 58 Wood               |
| 11 Market              | 21 Sift with          | 41 Actor         | 59 Loudness           |
| 12 Workers             | 22 Understands        | 42 A K A         | 60 Roman              |
| 13 Manor               | 23 Table scrap        | 43 AEF general   | 61 Woman              |
|                        |                       | 44 Anna or Clara | 62 Hair wash          |

### Diagramless

- |                       |                |                      |                |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 1 Pot cover           | 17 Bread maker | 31 Fads              | 43 Church      |
| 2 Very small          | 18 Form        | 32 White and plastic | 44 Richee      |
| 3 Sum of money        | 19 Baret       | 33 A Whitney         | 45 Richee      |
| 4 Aboveboard          | 20 Deline      | 34 Layered           | 46 Networks of |
| 5 Clansman            | 21 Intellect   | 35 Put away money    | 47 Seasonings  |
| 6 Particulate         | 22 Call — day  | 36 Allow             | 48 Fronted     |
| 7 Partner of a morose | 23 Jests       | 37 Hindu             | 49 Sallor      |
| 8 Moves smoothly      | 24 Meant cut   | 38 Meant cut         | 50 Sallor      |
| 9 Country house       | 25 Grandstand  | 39 Meant cut         | 51 Sallor      |
| 10 Neptunian          | 26 Plaque      | 40 Meant cut         | 52 Sallor      |
|                       | 27 Swiss range | 41 Meant cut         | 53 Sallor      |

### 16 X 19, by Alice D. Vaughan

- |                  |                   |               |               |
|------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 Clubfoot       | 7 Principle       | 13 Poem       | 19 Remarkable |
| 2 Random         | 8 over            | 14 Accepted   | 20 Pathways   |
| 3 Lodgings       | 9 Indian warriors | 15 Depot      | 21 Thrush     |
| 4 Serving dishes | 10 Poem           | 16 Depot      | 22 Thrush     |
|                  | 11 Remarkable     | 17 Thrush     | 23 Thrush     |
|                  | 12 Accepted       | 18 Thrush     | 24 Thrush     |
|                  | 13 Poem           | 19 Remarkable | 25 Thrush     |
|                  | 14 Accepted       | 20 Pathways   |               |
|                  | 15 Depot          | 21 Thrush     |               |
|                  | 16 Depot          | 22 Thrush     |               |
|                  | 17 Thrush         | 23 Thrush     |               |
|                  | 18 Thrush         | 24 Thrush     |               |

### CRYPTOGRAMS

1. JBOE DLYJXY OXDC DLYJ CR PXHE DLIX I  
HBPCLIC OLIN RD DBIOLH —By Earl Irwin
2. WYYS XSYXFS TUUFF BOE WITYYAUWI  
PSTUIWS BS OW U TYVEJ, WAOVPSUEAIX  
BIZ. —By Linda M. Spier
3. NUWOT RADLDS OLD GOBL GAPSAT  
DTUEFF FOBLD WORD NOABL —By E.L. Livingston
4. PSHF SPADESPFOFY ECZ INAPIT IK HICKPT  
IY ACUPTO EPZ NPDU. —By Steve Smith

### Last Week's Cryptograms

1. The worker sheds shirt whereas a shirker sheds work.
2. Quirky chief served quag quiches and kumquats to mink-clad guests.
3. Scrabbles and doodles differ, but neither communicates much.
4. Pipe and slippers still aid to more meditation.

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